



## The Planning Act 2008

East Anglia One North (EA1N) and East Anglia Two (EA2) Offshore Wind Farms

Planning Inspectorate Reference: EA1N – EN010077 & EA2 – EN010078

Deadline 6 - 24 February 2021

East Suffolk Council's Response to Examining Authority's Action Points Following Issue Specific Hearings 7, 8 and 9

The table below details East Suffolk Council's (ESC) responses in relation to action points raised during Compulsory Acquisition Hearing 2 (CAH2), Issue Specific Hearing 7 (ISH7), Issue Specific Hearing 8 (ISH8) and Issue Specific Hearing 9 (ISH9).

No.	Action Point		Party	Deadline	East Suffolk Council's Comments				
CAH	CAH2 Hearing Actions Points – 16 February 2021								
2	Details of Wardens Trust and Ness House		Wardens	D6	ESC has received confirmation from the Applicants that the				
	private landholding interests Wardens		Trust, East		information in relation to the private water supply has been				
	Trust to provide details of all relevant		Suffolk		provided by the landowner and therefore the records held by				
	leases and any other relevant land		Council and		ESC are not required to be provided.				
	interests. Dr Gimson to provide any		Dr Gimson						
	relevant landholding details held in a		on behalf						
	private capacity on behalf of Mrs EP		of						
	Gimson. East Suffolk Council are asked to		Mrs EP						
	make private water supply records		Gimson						
	available.								
	(NB. Any confidential information in								
	these documents will be redacted before								
	publication.)								
ISH7	<b>Hearing Action Points – 17 February 2020</b>								
	No Actions identified for ESC.								
ISH8	<b>Hearing Action Points – 18 February 2021</b>								
2	Applicant's 'think-piece'.		Applicants	D6	ESC notes this action.				
	Applicants to set out their position in		Natural	D7					
	respect of action 1 as a 'think-piece' by		England,						
	D6, to enable NE to set out its position by								

	D7 and enable further responses including from LAs and AONB Partnership	SCC, ESC, AONB		
3	Final policy positions Parties to set out final positions in relation to policy considerations in relation to EA2 seascapes effects before the end of the examinations. If positions have not changed it is sufficient to reference previous submissions and say that there has been no change.	Applicant Natural England SCC, ESC, AONB Partnership	D6	ESC notes the submissions in relation to this matter from the Applicants (REP2-008) and Natural England (REP3-120). ESC Supports Natural England's submissions on this matter.  The relevant National Policy Statements are EN-1 and EN-3 in relation to seascape. Paragraph 5.9.12 of EN-1 is particularly key as this states that:  "The duty to have regard to the purposes of nationally designated areas also applies when considering applications for projects outside the boundaries of these areas which may have impacts within them. The aim should be to avoid compromising the purposes of the designation and such projects should be designed sensitively given the various siting, operational, and other relevant constraints".  The natural beauty and special qualities of the Area of Outstanding Natural Beauty are the expression for the reasons for its designation.  ESC considers that the approach taken by other Examining Authorities, for example as has been highlighted by Natural England in relation to the Navitus Bay decision, is sound. The constituent parts of the AONB are as important as the AONB as a whole.

ISH9	SH9 Hearing Action Points – 19 February 2021								
ISH9	Norfolk Vanguard High Court decision (18 February 2021) Applicants and IPs who wish to make initial observations regarding the recent decision to quash the SoS' decision on the above proposed development are invited to do so to assist the ExAs' consideration of the judgement.		Applicants and all IPs	D6	The Norfolk Vanguard DCO decision was challenged on the grounds that the Secretary of State did not fully evaluate the cumulative impacts between the project and its 'sister' project Norfolk Boreas at Necton and failed to give adequate reasons in relation to this issue. The High Court subsequently quashed the decision on 18 February 2021.  The decision by the High Court to quash the Norfolk Vanguard DCO highlights the importance of decision makers fully and robustly considering cumulative impacts of projects, and not deferring consideration of this matter to a later date unless this can be sufficiently and appropriately justified.  As requested by the Examining Authority ESC has sought to make initial comments and highlight specific elements of the decision which are considered to have relevance for the current examinations.  In the judgement it was noted:  "Absent any rational justification, cumulative impacts of both projects had to be evaluated by the decision maker when considering whether to grant a DCO in each case, even accepting that in some cases less information about the second project may be available when deciding whether to				

The judgement also highlights the potential use of Rochdale envelopes to cater for the absence of more detailed information.

The High Court found that the:

"Defendant's approach has had the effect, absent consideration of those cumulative effects, of making it easier to obtain consent for Vanguard, and providing a 'foot in the door' making it easier to obtain consent for Boreas. Although there is no evidence that NVL sought those outcomes, the Vanguard DCO decision has had a 'precedent effect' for decision-making in relation to Boreas, upon which, understandably, NVL has relied heavily in the Boreas examination" (paragraph 135).

ESC considers that this decision highlights some important factors of relevance to the current examinations. ESC recognises that the Applicants have undertaken a cumulative impact assessment identifying the significant effects arising as a result of the EA1N and EA2 developments in-combination in their Environmental Statements. ESC and other Interested Parties however have continued to raise concerns regarding the lack of cumulative assessment in relation to the known future projects in receipt of a grid connection offers at Friston if the National Grid substation is consented under these DCOs.

				ESC considers that there is sufficient information available in relation to the footprint of the extensions required to the National Grid substation (1.3 hectares) to accommodate the future connections and that this information, using the Rochdale envelope approach, should be used to undertake a cumulative assessment. It is also considered that further information could be provided by National Grid to assist in this exercise.
				The National Grid substation, by virtue of the grid connections offered, is being considered as a potential connection point for multiple projects. The cumulative implications of these future connections have not yet been assessed. If the National Grid substation is consented under the EA1N and EA2 DCOs, ESC considers that this will provide the 'foot in the door' and set a precedent, making it easier for later projects to gain consent for their connections at Friston.
				It is considered that the cumulative impacts between the future National Grid connections and the EA1N and EA2 developments at Friston should be considered by the Examining Authority.
2	Changes to dDCOs currently under discussion/preparation  The Applicants and Interested Parties intending to submit proposed revisions to the dDCOs are reminded to adopt the	Applicants, All IPs	See (PD- 031)	ESC notes this action and has provided a separate response in relation to the questions posed by the Examining Authority in their commentary on the draft DCOs.

	process and timings set out in the ExAs			
	Commentaries on the dDCOs.			
5	Obligations and Agreements:	ESC	D8	ESC notes the Examining Authority's comments. The Council is
	Engagement with town and parish			not intending to undertake consultation on the agreements at
	Councils			this stage but has endeavoured to ensure there is a degree of
	East Suffolk Council are reminded that if			flexibility in their drafting. We will be discussing the funds and
	they intend to engage with town and			expenditure of the funds with the local communities post
	parish Councils (or any other community			consent should either or both of the DCOs be granted.
	representatives/ civil society			
	organisations) around the content of any			
	obligations, agreements or MoUs, this			
	engagement needs to have occurred at			
	the latest and effects on drafting taken			
	into account by D8.			
9	East Suffolk Council: Other Agreements	Applicants	D6/D8	ESC has provided a copy of the draft s111 Agreements in its
	and Obligations	ESC		response to the Examining Authority's commentary on the
	• A proposed draft Section 111			draft DCOs.
	Agreement to be submitted at D6.			
	An executed agreement to be in			ESC notes the request to provide the proposed MoU to the
	place and presented to the			examination by Deadline 8.
	examination by D8.			
	<ul> <li>A Proposed MoU in relation to</li> </ul>			
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	Environmental Exemplars to be			
	Environmental Exemplars to be submitted to the examination by D8.			
10	Environmental Exemplars to be	Applicants	D7/D8	ESC notes this request from the Examining Authority.
10	Environmental Exemplars to be submitted to the examination by D8.	SCC	D7/D8	ESC notes this request from the Examining Authority.
10	Environmental Exemplars to be submitted to the examination by D8.  Other consents	<u> </u>	D7/D8	ESC notes this request from the Examining Authority.

negotiating necessary licenses and agreements outside of the dDCO by D7.			
<ul> <li>Applicants requested to submit a full and final list of 'other consents' marked with amendments in tracked changes at D8.</li> </ul>			